Year	Word reading	Comprehension
4	Children can apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud and to understand the meaning of unfamiliar words.	Children can listen to others ideas, begin to build on these through discussion and express a personal point of view about the text about a wider range of longer and more challenging fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books. Children can use a dictionary to check the meaning of unfamiliar words. Children know which books to select for specific purposes, especially in relation to science, history and geography learning.
	Children can read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondence between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.	Children can use dictionaries to check the meaning of unfamiliar words. Children can discuss and record words, phrases and language that writers use to engage and impact on the reader. Children know and recognise some of the literary conventions in text types covered. Children begin to understand simple themes in books. Children listen to others' ideas, building on these through discussion, and express a personal point of
	Children attempt pronunciation of unfamiliar words drawing on prior knowledge of similar looking words.	view about the text. Children explain ideas and opinions, giving reasons. Children prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Children explain the meaning of words in context. Children can read and check that the text makes sense to them. Children discuss responses to the text.
		Children ask questions to improve understanding of a text. Children can read independently by drawing inferences such as inferring character's feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions and justifying inferences with evidence from the text. Children predict what might happen from details stated and deduced information. Children identify and summarise main ideas of a text from more than one paragraph. Children identify how the writer has used precise word choices for effect to impact on the reader.



Children identify some text type organisational features, for example, narrative, explanation, persuasion. Children retrieve and record information from non-fiction.
Children make connections with prior knowledge of texts and personal experiences